# AN OVERVIEW OF THE OECD GOING DIGITAL TOOLKIT

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- 1. The OECD Going Digital Toolkit
- 2. The databases used on the Toolkit
- 3. OECD/WPDEMA digital measurement activities

# The Going Digital Toolkit

# Going Digital Integrated Policy Framework

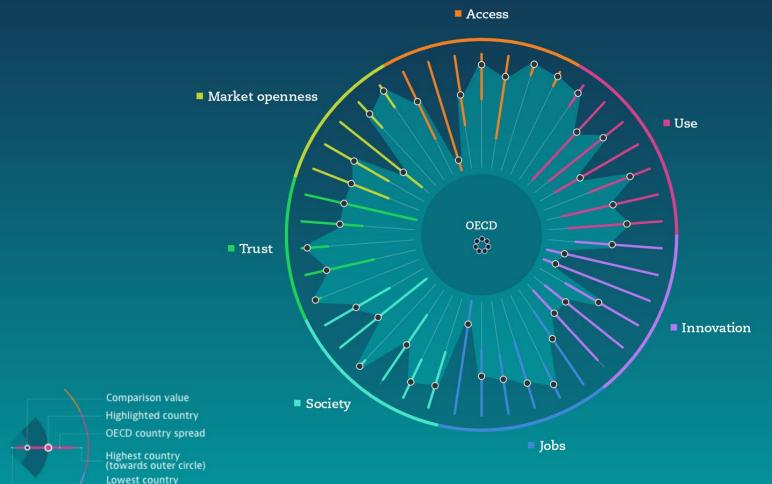
The Framework's 38 policy domains across its seven dimensions Investment Communication infrastructure and services Competition Regional Development Digital government Investment Trade Access Business dynamism Investment SMEs West of the Contract of the Co Financial markets Skills Competition Security Taxation Privacy Digital risk management Entrepreneurship **SMEs** Growth and SMEs Privacy well-being Competition Digital security Science and technology Consumer protection Digital government Sectoral policies Social policies Skills Society 1005 Labour Markets Tax and benefits Skills Environment Social protection Healthcare Tax and benefit policies Digital government

Data and data governance

Regional development

### Going Digital Toolkit





#### Access

Fixed broadband penetration

Mobile broadband penetration

M2M penetration

Household broadband access

Businesses with broadband speed of 30+

mbos

4G broadband coverage
Urban-rural broadband divide

#### Use

Internet users
Small firms selling online
People buying online
Uptake of digital government services
Adults proficient in problem solving with technology
Businesses buying cloud services

Businesses with web presence

#### Innovation

ICT investment intensity
R&D in information industries
Top-cited computer science documents
ICT patents
Start-up firms
ICT venture capital investment

### Jobs

Jobs in digital-intensive sectors
Public spending on active labour market
policies
New STEM graduates
Workers receiving training

Regular teleworking from home

Share of ICT task-intensive jobs

### Society

Internet users aged 55-74 years

Low-income Internet users

Top-performing students in science, maths and reading

Young female coders

Internet gender divide

#### ■ Trust

ICT security skills in enterprises
Internet users experiencing privacy
violations
Payment security concerns prevent
individuals from buying online
Product return concerns prevent Internet
users from buying online
Health data sharing

### Market openness

Digital Government Index

Digitally-deliverable services trade Cross-border e-commerce Digital Services Trade Restrictiveness FDI Regulatory Restrictiveness ICT goods and services trade

https://goingdigital.oecd.org/en/indicators



(towards inner circle)





# Top-level "hero" visualisation



### How to read the visualisation

The visualisation shows all of the Going Digital indicators at a glance, grouped into 7 policy dimensions. Explore further by clicking on a dimension or an indicator.

### Data

You can compare one country to another or to OECD and EU benchmarks.

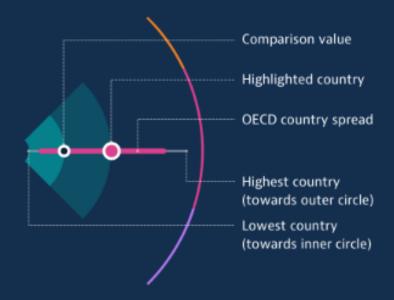


Scores express each country value as a proportion of the best performing country value, which is set equal to 100.

### Indicator overview



### Single indicator

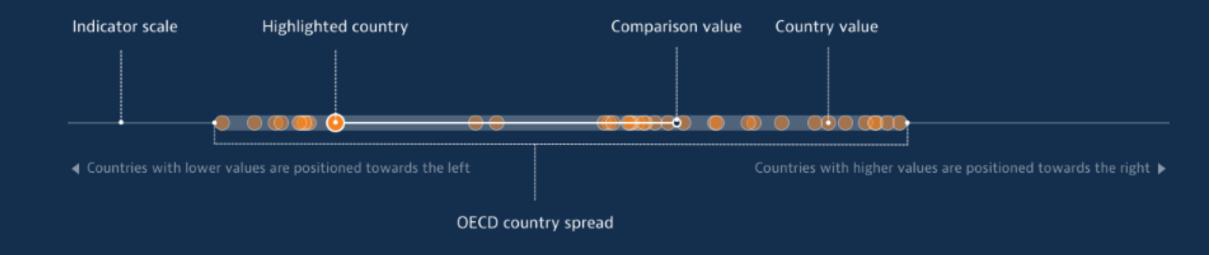


# Second-level "spindle" visualisation



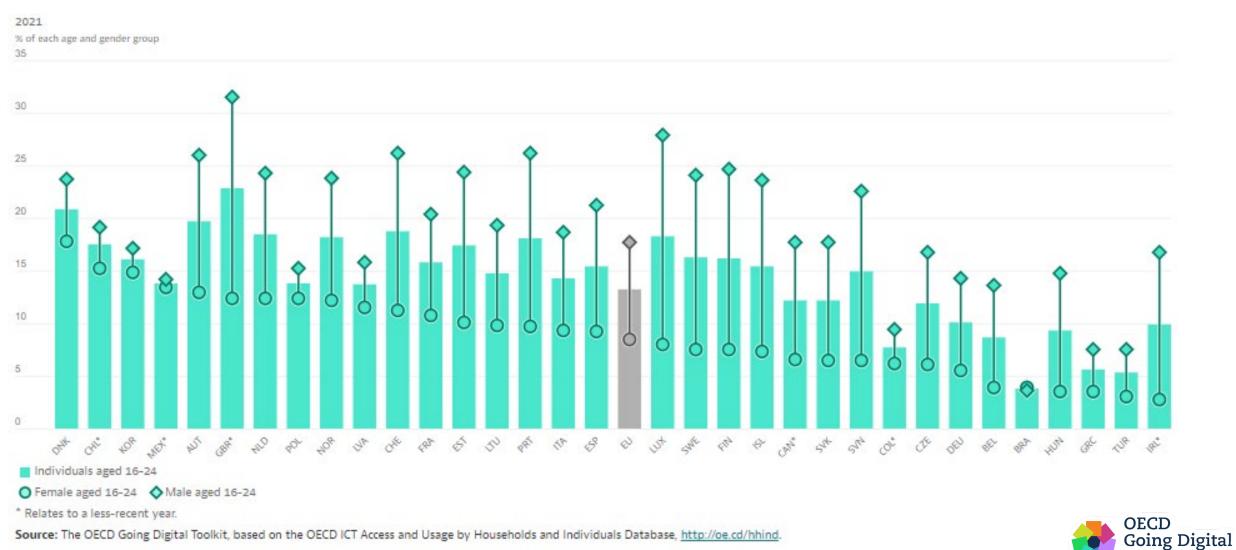
### How to read the visualisation

Each indicator is represented on a different scale. Countries with lower values are positioned towards the left and countries with higher values towards the right.



## Third-level interactive charts

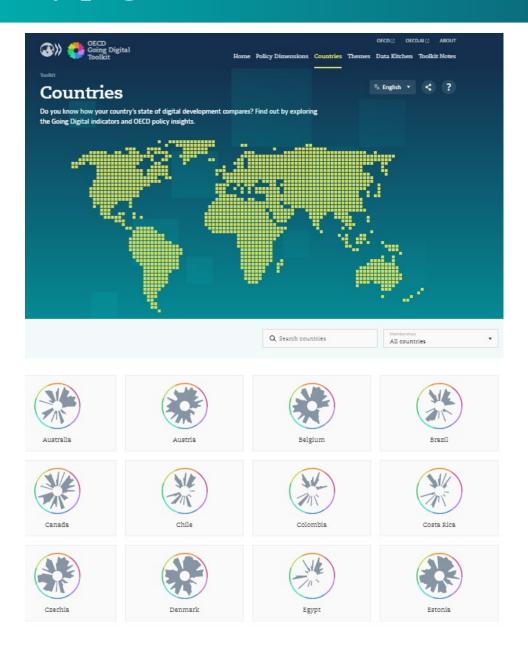
## Women as a share of all 16-24 year-olds who can program



Toolkit

View online: <a href="https://goingdigital.oecd.org/indicator/54">https://goingdigital.oecd.org/indicator/54</a>

# Country pages



40 Countries

4 languages



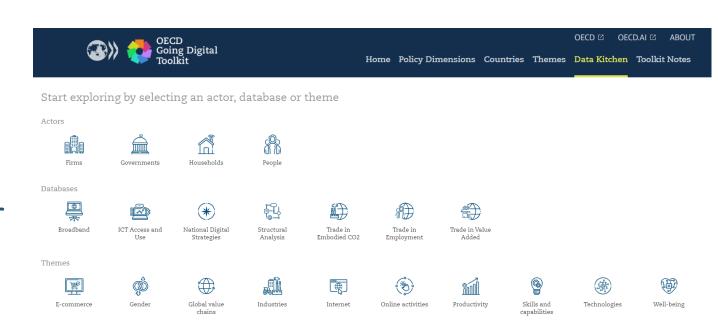
# People's Republic of China – Country page



# "Data Kitchen" explorer feature

The **Data Kitchen** allows for a wide exploration of the Toolkit's underlying databases

- Explore by actors, databases, or themes
- Compare indicators and switch dimensions
- Use a wide range of chart types



https://goingdigital.oecd.org/datakitchen



# Going Digital Toolkit Measurement Notes

- Making economics statistics visible in Digital Supply-Use tables, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1787/91cbdd10-en">https://doi.org/10.1787/91cbdd10-en</a>
- Measuring digital trade, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1787/48e68967-en">https://doi.org/10.1787/48e68967-en</a>
- Measuring well-being in the digital age, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1787/1891bb63-en">https://doi.org/10.1787/1891bb63-en</a>
- Measuring the economic value of data, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1787/f46b3691-en">https://doi.org/10.1787/f46b3691-en</a>



# The databases used on the Toolkit

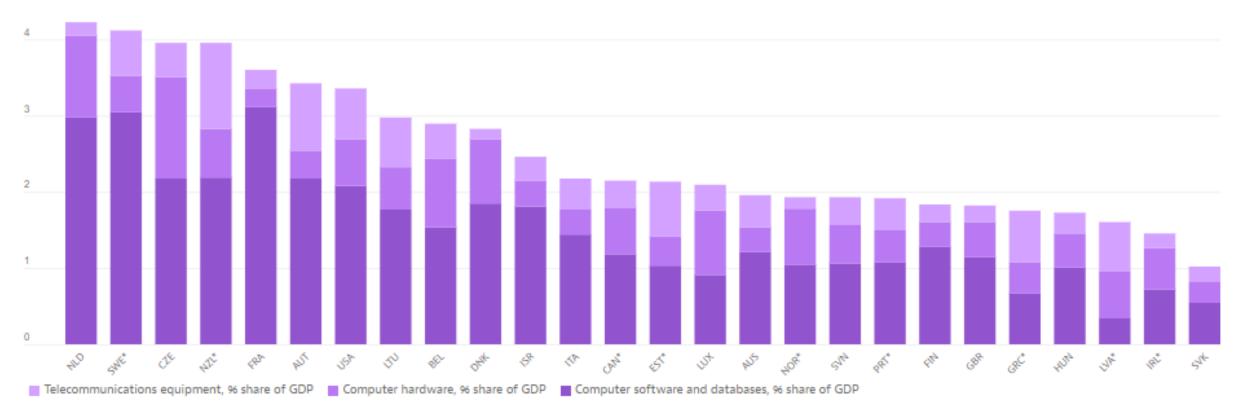
# A wide range of databases are used on the Toolkit

- 1. National accounts
- 2. Labour Force Surveys
- 3. OECD databases
- 4. ICT Access and Use Surveys
- 5. Other IO databases
- 6. Private sources

## 1. National Accounts

### ICT investment as a share of GDP

2017 % of GDP



<sup>\*</sup> Relates to a less-recent year.

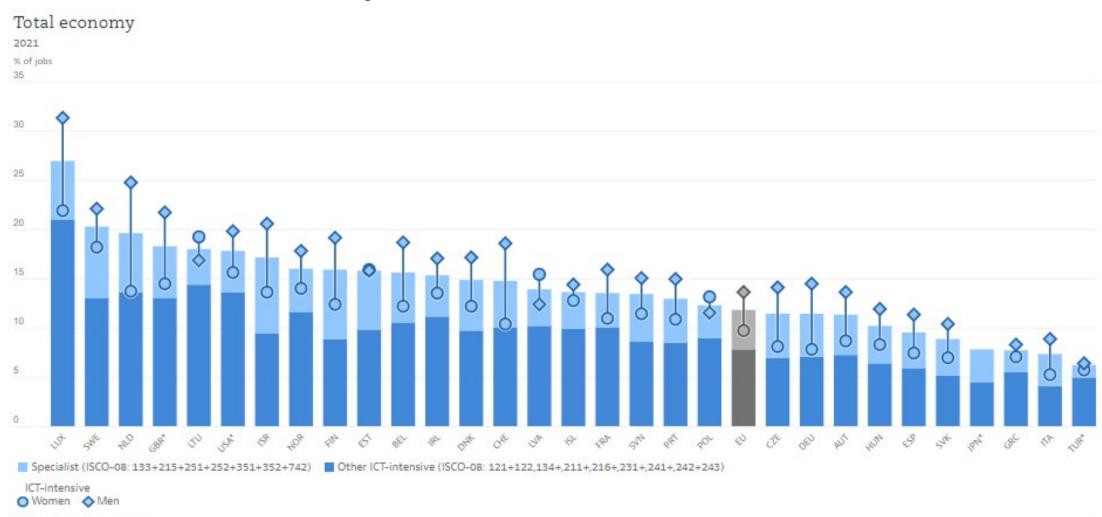
Source: The OECD Going Digital Toolkit, based on the OECD National Accounts <u>Database</u>, the Eurostat National Accounts <u>Database</u> and national sources.



View online: <a href="https://goingdigital.oecd.org/indicator/30">https://goingdigital.oecd.org/indicator/30</a>

# 2. Labour Force Surveys

## **Share of ICT task-intensive jobs**



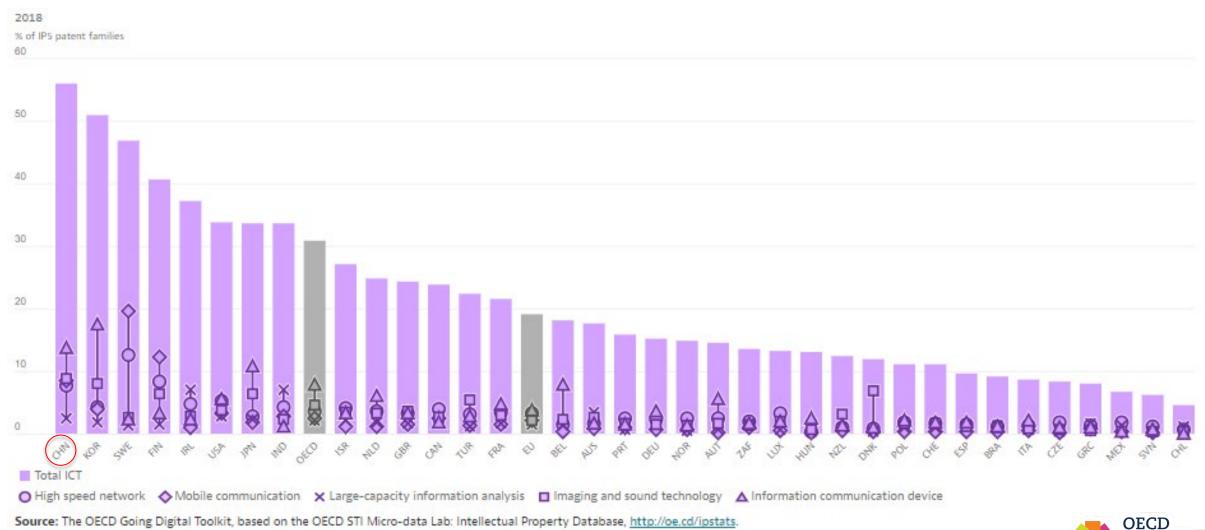
<sup>\*</sup> Relates to a less-recent year.

Source: The OECD Going Digital Toolkit, based on European Labour Force Surveys, national labour force surveys and other national sources.



# 3. OECD Databases: Patent Database

## Patents in ICT-related technologies, as a share of total IP5 patent families

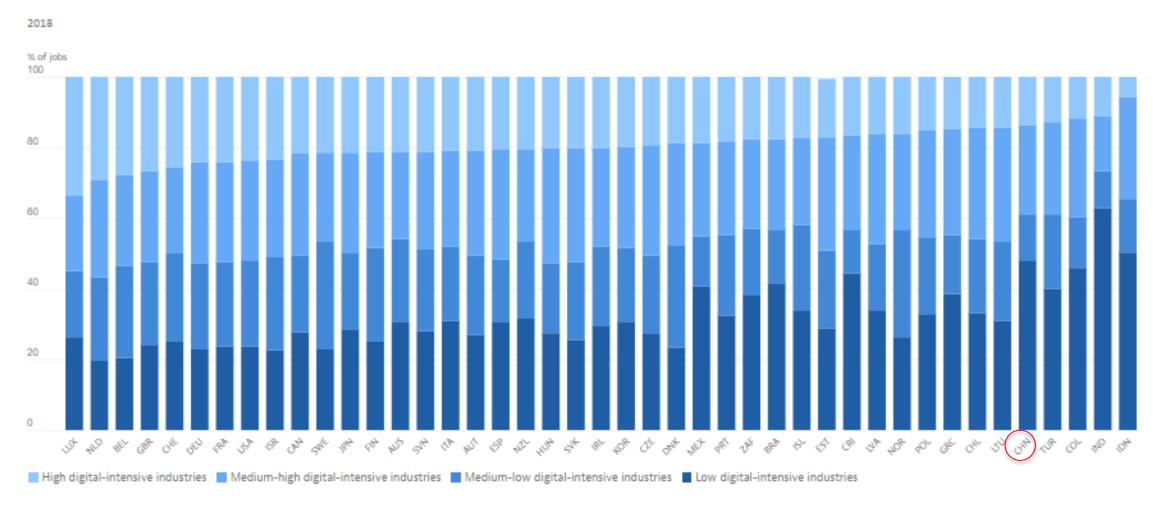


Going Digital

Toolkit

# 3. OECD Databases: Structural Analysis (STAN)

### Digital-intensive sectors' share in total employment



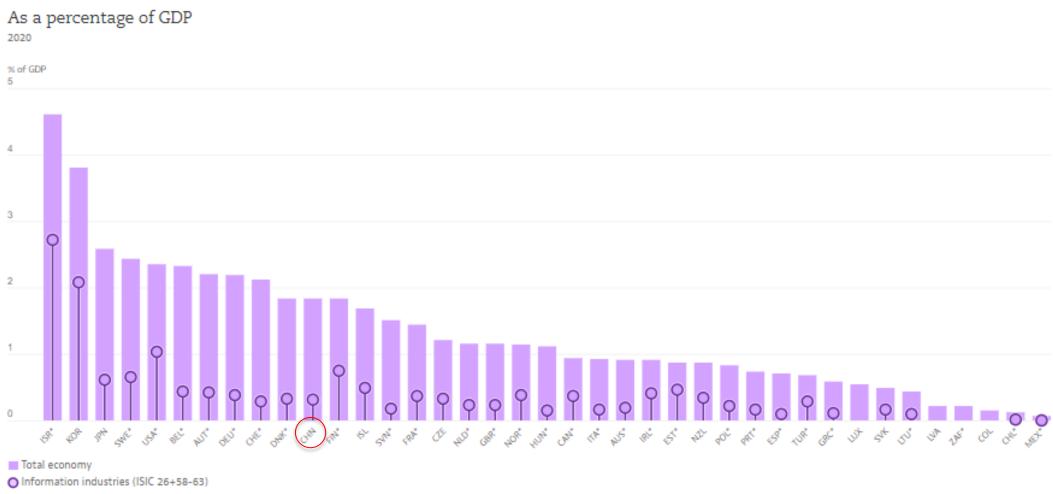
Source: The OECD Going Digital Toolkit, based on the OECD Structural Analysis (STAN) Database, <a href="http://oe.cd/stan">http://oe.cd/stan</a> and the OECD Trade in Employment Database, <a href="http://oe.cd/io-emp.">http://oe.cd/io-emp.</a>

View online: <a href="https://goingdigital.oecd.org/indicator/41">https://goingdigital.oecd.org/indicator/41</a>



# 3. OECD Databases: Analytical Business Enterprise R&D (ANBERD)

## Business R&D expenditure in information industries as a share of GDP



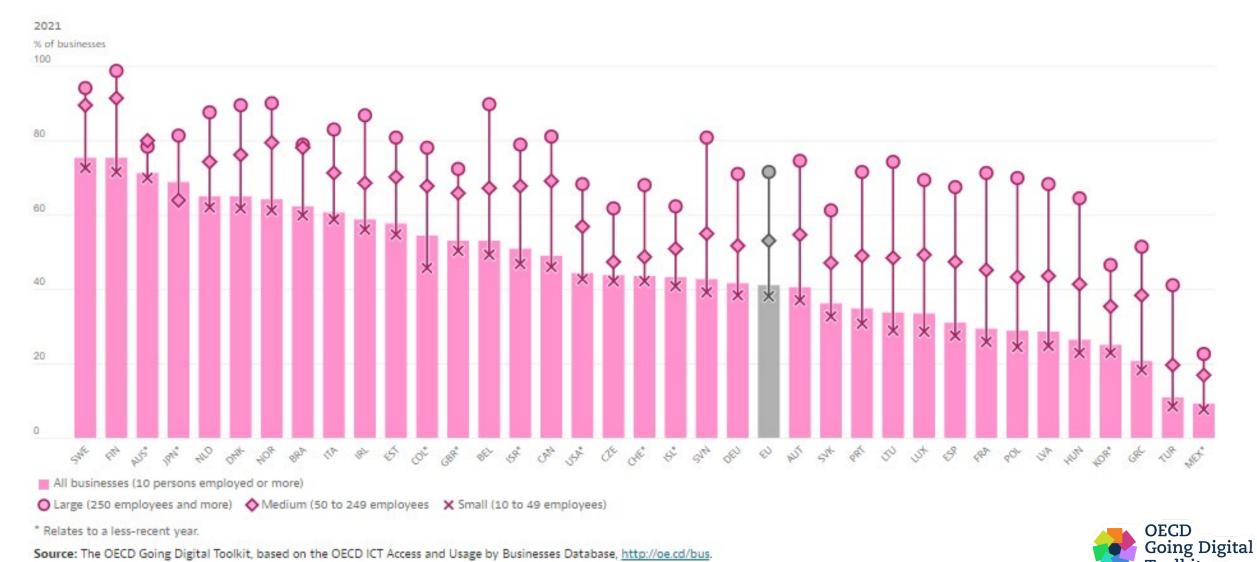
<sup>\*</sup> Relates to a less-recent year.

Source: The OECD Going Digital Toolkit, based on the OECD Analytical Business Enterprise R&D (ANBERD) Database, <a href="http://oe.cd/anberd">http://oe.cd/anberd</a>, and the Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) Database, <a href="http://oe.cd/anberd">http://oe.cd/anberd</a>, and the Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) Database, <a href="http://oe.cd/anberd">http://oe.cd/anberd</a>, and the Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) Database, <a href="http://oe.cd/anberd">http://oe.cd/anberd</a>, and the Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) Database, <a href="http://oe.cd/anberd">http://oe.cd/anberd</a>, and the Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) Database, <a href="http://oe.cd/anberd">http://oe.cd/anberd</a>, <a href="http://oe.



# 4. ICT Access and Use Surveys

## Share of businesses purchasing cloud services



# 5. Other IO Databases

## Fixed broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants



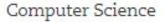
<sup>\*</sup> Relates to a less-recent year.

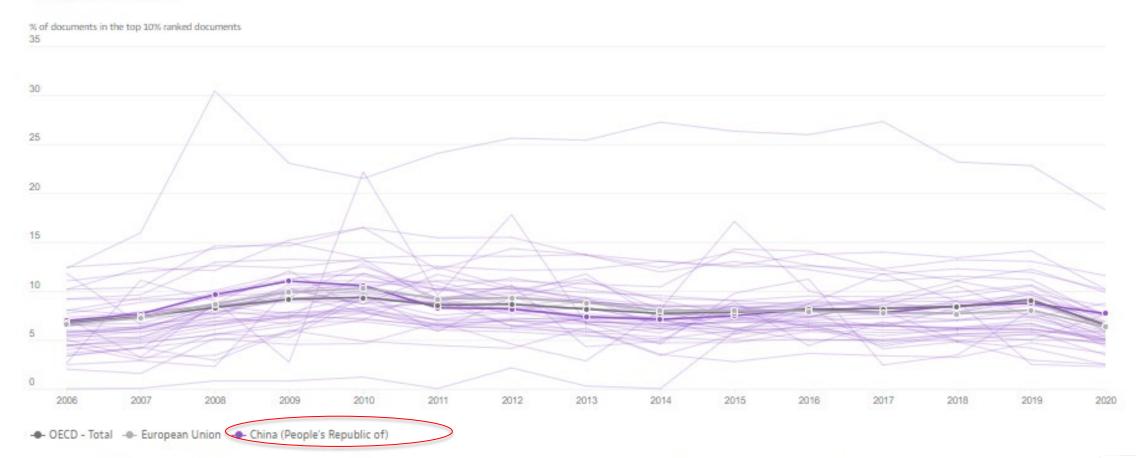
Source: The OECD Going Digital Toolkit, based on the OECD Broadband Portal http://www.oecd.org/sti/broadband-broadband-statistics and the ITU World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database.



## 6. Private sources

# Top 10% most-cited documents in computer science, as a share of the top 10% ranked documents in all fields





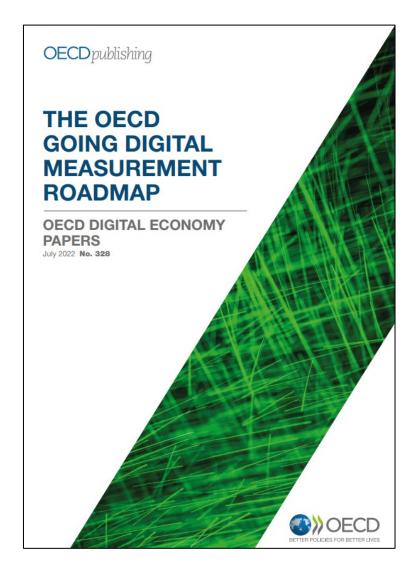
Source: The OECD Going Digital Toolkit, based on the OECD calculations using Scopus Custom Data, Elsevier, and Scimago Journal Rank from the Scopus journal title list.



View online: <a href="https://goingdigital.oecd.org/indicator/32">https://goingdigital.oecd.org/indicator/32</a>

# OECD/WPDEMA digital measurement activities

# Revision of the Going Digital Measurement Roadmap



https://doi.org/10.1787/bd10100f-en

- 1. Make the digital economy visible in economic statistics
- 2. Understand the economic impacts of digital transformation
- 3. Encourage measurement of digital transformation's impacts on social goals and people's well-being
- 4. Design new and interdisciplinary approaches to data collection
- 5. Monitor technologies underpinning the digital transformation, notably IoT, AI, Blockchain
- 6. Improve the measurement of data and data flows
- 7. Define and measure skills needs for digital transformation
- 8. Measure trust in online environments
- 9. Establish an impact assessment framework for digital governments
- 10. Expand the collection and accessibility of gender statistics

# Priority areas for future work

The OECD Working Party on Digital Economics, Measurement and Analysis (WPDEMA) will focus on:

- ➤ The OECD definition and guidance on e-commerce
- The OECD definitions of the ICT sector and the "information industries"
- New approaches to measuring digital intensity across sectors (taxonomy + principles)







# Explore the Toolkit

The Going Digital Toolkit includes indicators, policy guidance and related publications to help countries realise the promises of digital transformation.





